CLAIMS

A novel screening method useful for the selection and development of an insect tolerant genotypes or clones, said method comprising the steps of:

- a) generating the clones of an insect tolerant plant through tissue culture as somaclones and establishing their molecular distinctiveness prior to screening through RAPD analysis at in vitro stage itself;
- b) micro-propagating the identified molecular variants for multiplication and checking for the stability at molecular level through RAPD among clones of larger population,
- c) transferring the identified stable variants after being multiplied to individual culture tubes for forced feeding of insects by releasing actively feeding larvae or nymphs into each culture tube, and
- multiplying in-vitro the surviving clones and rechecking for insect larval non-preference and then field evaluating under natural or artificial insect infestation conditions.
- 2. A novel screening method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the plants are raised by somacloning or rapid propagation method.
- 3. A novel screening method useful for the selection and development of an insect tolerant mint plant genotypes or clones, said method comprising the steps of:
 - a) generating the clones of an insect tolerant plant through tissue culture as somaclones and establishing their molecular distinctiveness prior to screening through RAPD analysis at in vitro stage itself;

- micro-propagating the identified molecular variants for multiplication and checking for the stability at molecular level through RAPD among clones of larger population,
- c) transferring the identified stable variants after being multiplied to individual culture tubes for forced feeding of insects by releasing actively feeding larvae or nymphs into each culture tube, and
- multiplying in-vitro the surviving clones and rechecking for insect larval non-preference and then field evaluating under natural or artificial insect infestation conditions.
- A screening method as claimed in claim 1 or 3 wherein the insect tolerance trait of the plant is not limited to S-obliqua and may cover other insect pests which feed on foliage of the plant.
- 5. A screening method as claimed in claim 1 ar 3 wherein the clones could be generated vegetatively, tissue culture, glass house or in field by asexual reproduction method.

